



XIX CONGRESSO
NAZIONALE
SIES 2026



UNIVERSITÀ
DI TORINO

PRDM1 and TNFAIP-3 copy number losses predict a shorter time to first treatment in IgM gammopathies: new insights from the FIL “BIO-WM” trial

Mariapia Pironti, Simone Ferrero, Silvia Zibellini, Luigi Marcheselli, Sofia Russo, Elisa Genuardi, Chiara Varraso, Federica Cavallo, Irene Dogliotti, Emilia Cappello, Simone Ragaini, Gianmarco Favrin, Angela Ferrari, Marta Coscia, Cristina Jimenez, Bianca Maria Granelli, Luca Laurenti, Emanuele Cencini, Simona Tommasetti, Dario Marino, Giacomo Loseto, Monia Marchetti, Filomena Russo, Antonello Sica, Jacopo Olivieri, Enrico Amaducci, Cristina Picone, Benedetto Bruno, Marzia Varettoni, Daniela Drandi

Mariapia Pironti

Department of Molecular Biotechnology and health sciences, Hematology Division, University of Torino, Italy

Firenze | 4-6 marzo 2026
Palazzo degli Affari



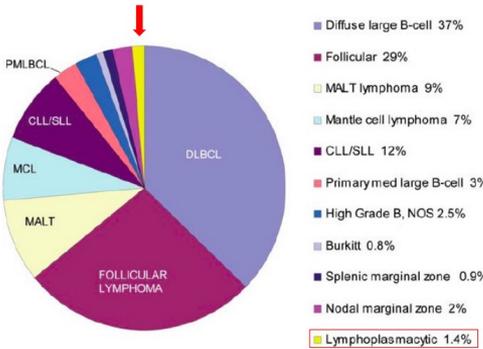


Disclosures of Mariapia Pironti

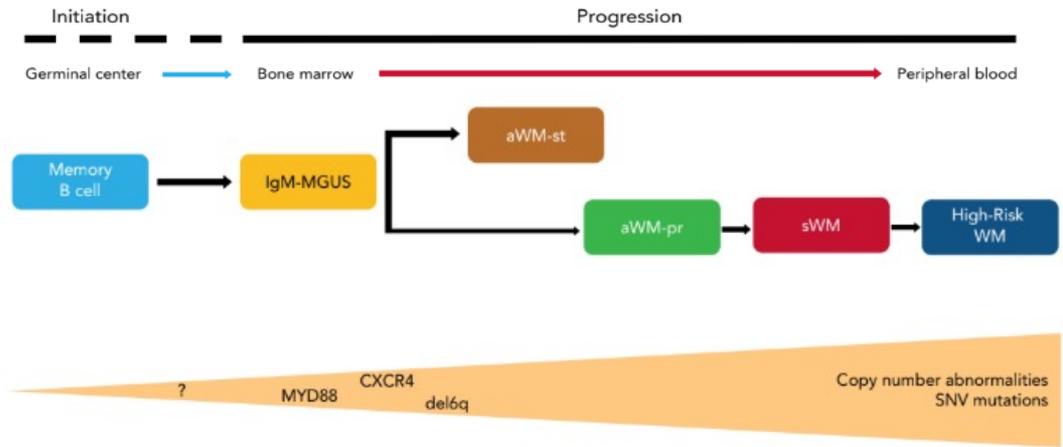
Company name	Research support	Employee	Consultant	Stockholder	Speakers bureau	Advisory board	Other



The 2008 WHO classification of lymphoid neoplasms



Waldenström Macroglobulinemia



Comment on Bagratuni et al, 3086, Blood

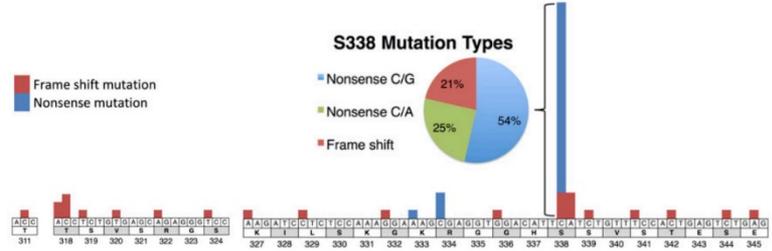
MYD88L265P MUTATION

Marker highly characteristic of WM and IgM-MGUS and post-GC LPDs

Disease categories	Mutation frequency by (AS-PCR)
WM	79-100%
IgM-MGUS	50-80%
non-GC DLBCL	19%
MZL, MALT	<10%
CLL, FL	<5%
MM, HCL, MCL	0%
IgA/IgG MGUS	0%
HEALTHY	0%

Xu et al. Blood 2013

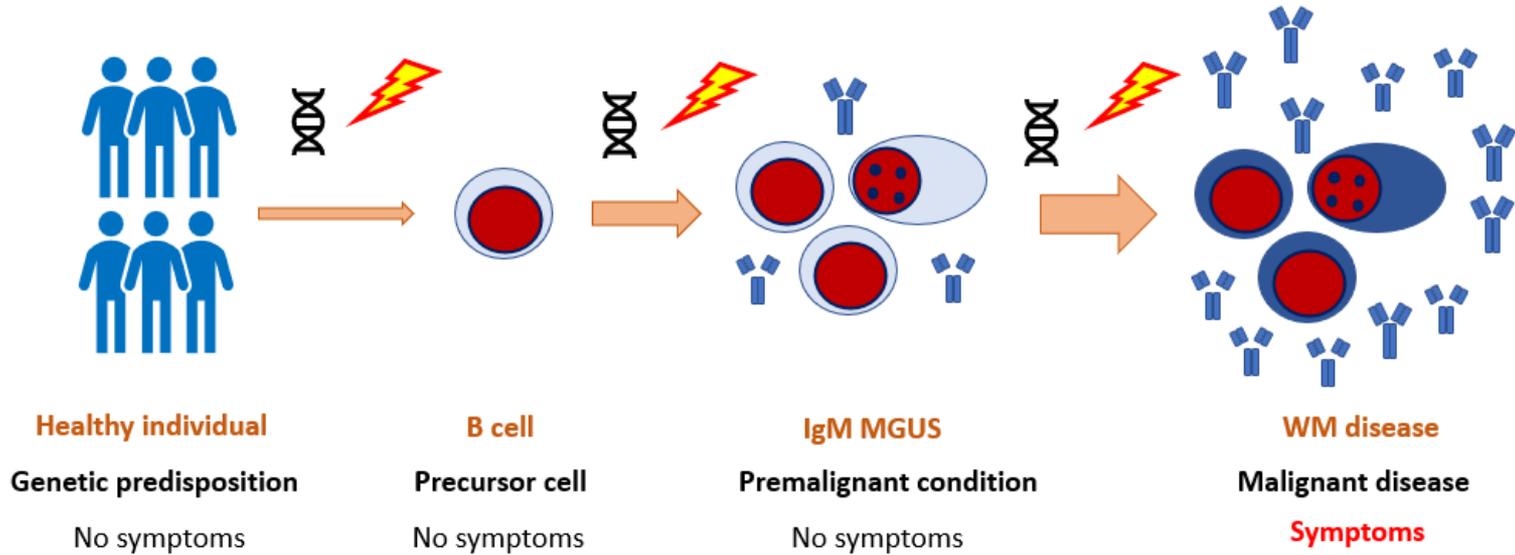
CXCR4 WHIM-like MUTATIONS



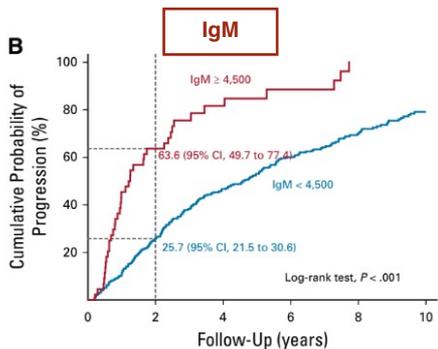
Hunter et al, Blood 2014; 123: 1637-1745



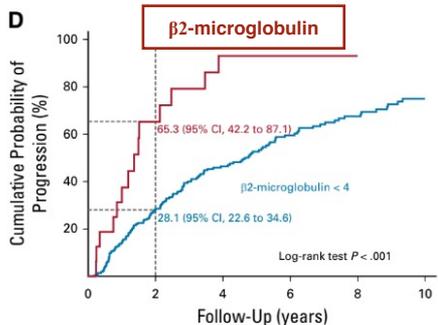
The biological mechanisms driving the progression of the pre-malignant IgM-MGUS clone to sWM or even transformed disease are still unknown



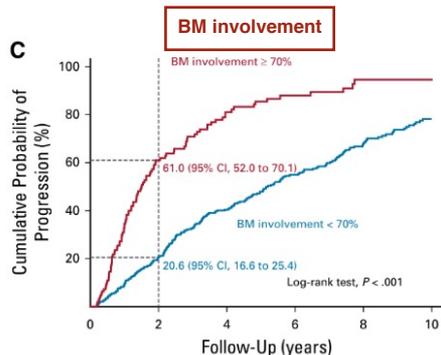
The risk of progression from IgM MGUS to cancer is 2% per year in the first 10 years after diagnosis and 1% per year thereafter. **Overall, the 20 years risk of progression varies from 19% to 55%**, according to patient's risk factors.



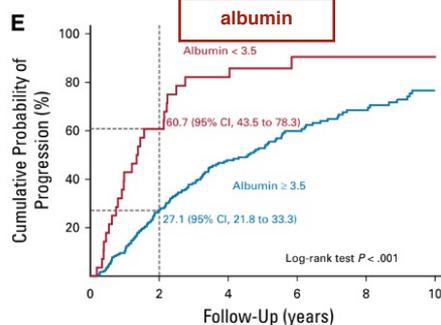
No. at risk	0	2	4	6	8	10
≥ 4,500	44	16	6	3	0	0
< 4,500	357	259	159	98	57	31



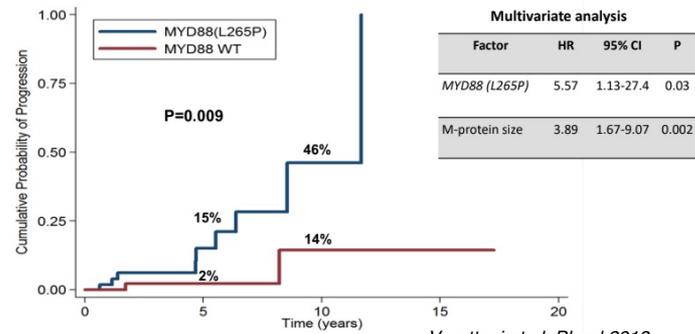
No. at risk	0	2	4	6	8	10
≥ 4	16	5	1	1	0	0
< 4	220	154	94	55	34	18



No. at risk	0	2	4	6	8	10
≥ 70%	110	42	18	8	3	2
< 70%	329	256	165	104	58	32



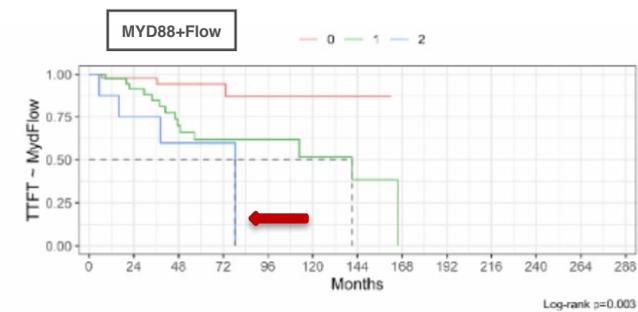
No. at risk	0	2	4	6	8	10
< 3.5	28	11	5	2	2	1
≥ 3.5	232	164	91	51	31	15



Multivariate analysis

Factor	HR	95% CI	P
MYD88 (L265P)	5.57	1.13-27.4	0.03
M-protein size	3.89	1.67-9.07	0.002

Varettoni et al, Blood 2013,



	0	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12	13	14	15	16	17	18	19	20		
At Risk	42	35	21	13	10	7	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Events	0	1	2	2	3	3	3	3	3	3	3	3	3	3	3	3	3	3	3	3	3	3	3
Censored	0	6	19	27	29	32	36	39	39	39	39	39	39	39	39	39	39	39	39	39	39	39	39
At Risk	42	30	18	13	8	5	3	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Events	0	3	1	1	1	1	2	2	2	2	2	2	2	2	2	2	2	2	2	2	2	2	2
Censored	0	9	15	16	23	25	26	28	28	28	28	28	28	28	28	28	28	28	28	28	28	28	28
At Risk	8	6	3	3	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Events	0	0	0	0	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1
Censored	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0

Dogliotti I. et al, Blood ADV 2026, in press

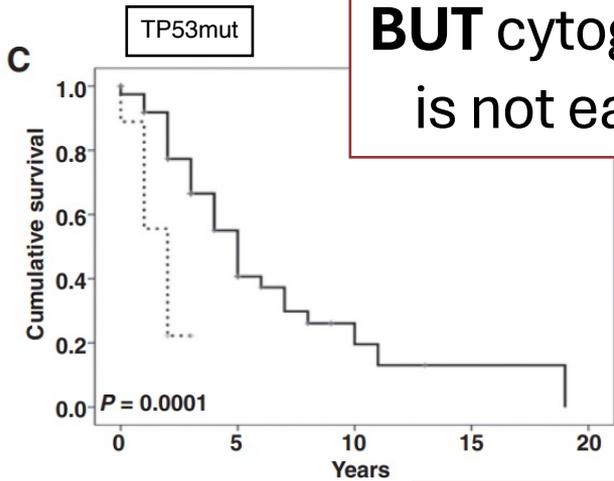
Bustoros M. et al, JCO Apr 2019



	Time to first treatment		
	HR	IC 95%	P
B2M	2.27	1.11-4.6	0.02

Cytogenetic and molecular abnormalities were not significantly associated with only a trend for shorter as observed in **tri12** and **del6q** patients

BUT cytogenetic analysis for del6q detection is not easily affordable in clinical practice



Poulain et al, Clin Cancer Research

TP53mut	TP53del	NS	NS
CXCR4 mutations	-	-	NS

Krzych D et al, Am J Hematol. 2021

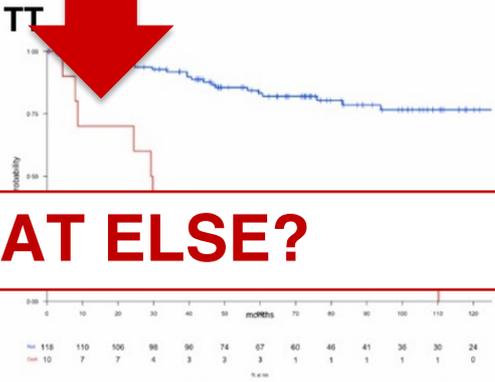


Fig 1. Time to transformation (TT) for patients with indolent monoclonal gammopathy, by 6q status. Patients with 6q deletion (red line)

García-Sanz R. et al, Br J Haematol. 2021

WHAT ELSE?

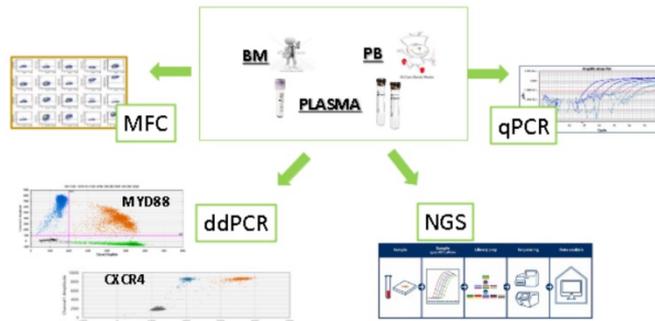
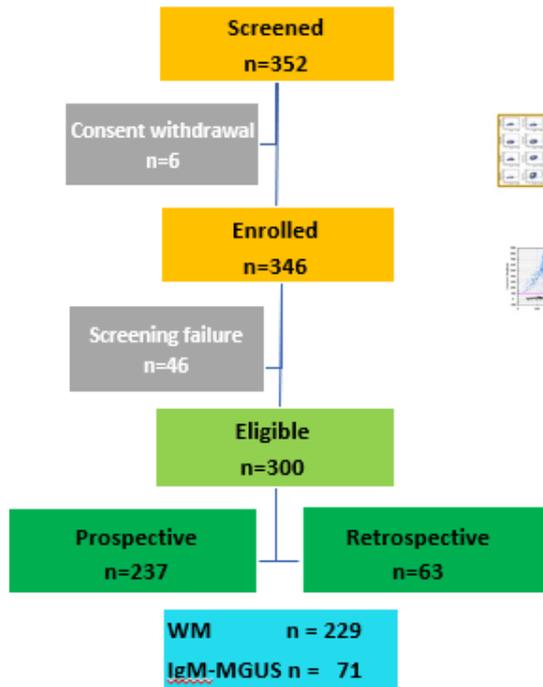


FIL_BIOWM

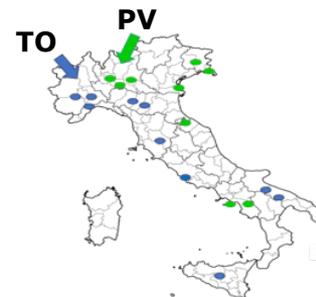
Non-invasive diagnostics and monitoring of minimal residual disease and clonal evolution in WM and in IgM-MGUS patients

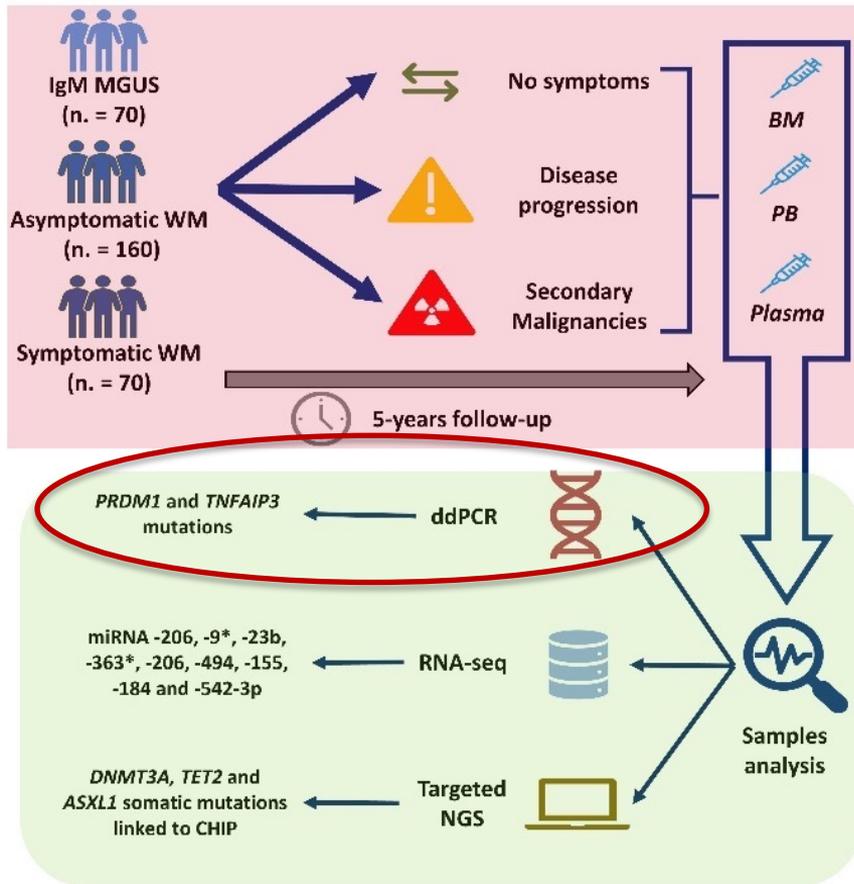


Ramon Garcia-Sanz



Marzia Varettoni





S. Ferrero
D. Drandi
S. Ragaini
B. Bruno



UNIVERSITÀ
DI TORINO



S. Badiali
L. Marcheselli



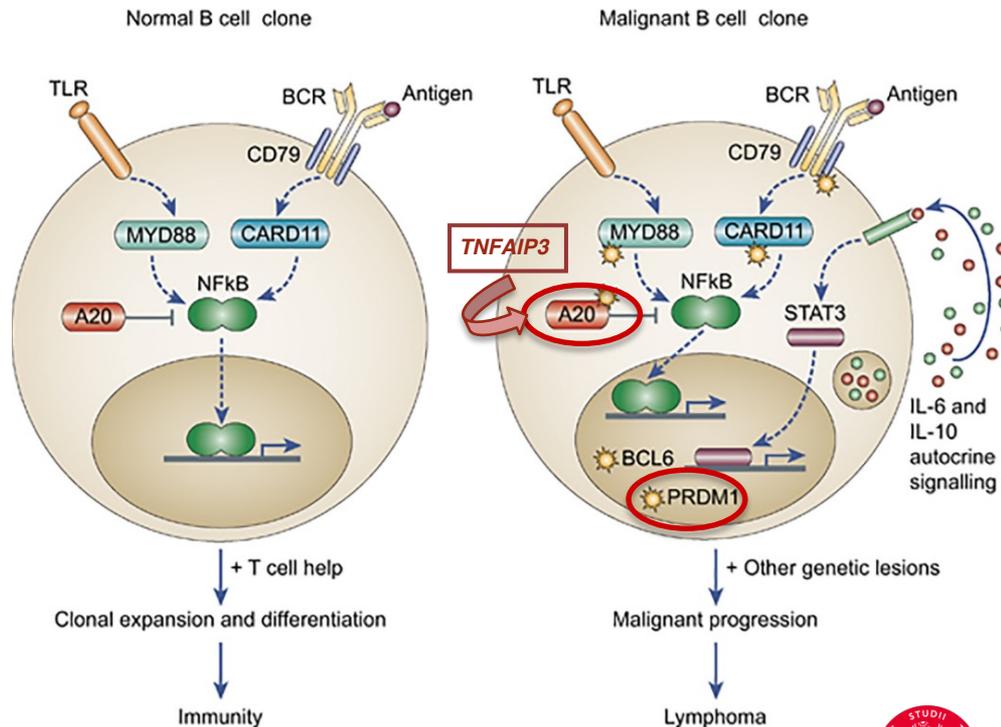
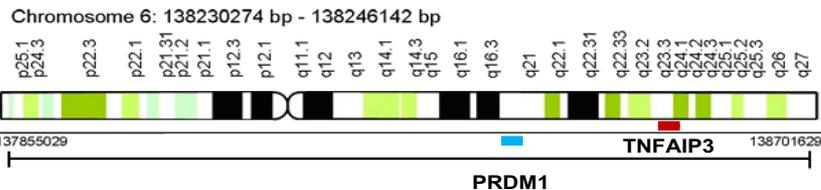
P. Decruyenaere
J. Vandesompele



Fondazione IRCCS
Policlinico San Matteo

L. Malcovati
M. Varettoni

PRDM1 and TNFAIP3

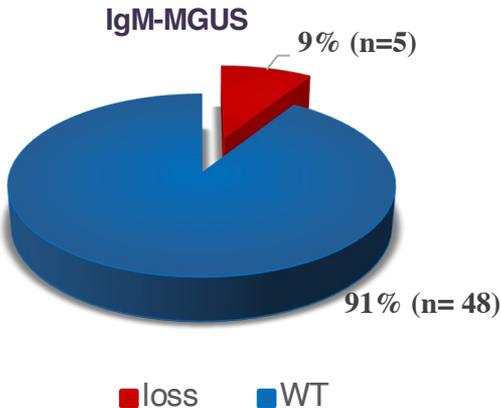
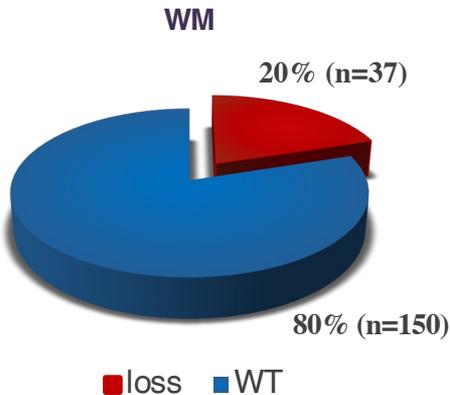


Inactivation/deletions of these two candidate oncosuppressor genes were analyzed by **ddPCR** on **unsorted BM leftovers**

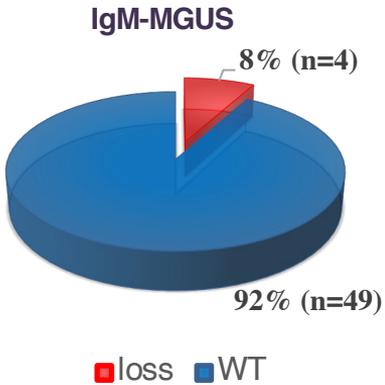
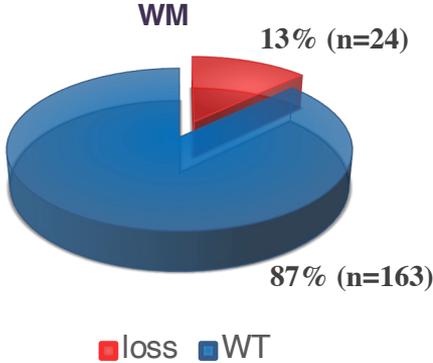


**CNVs rate in WM and IgM-MGUS
(n=239)**

PRDM-1



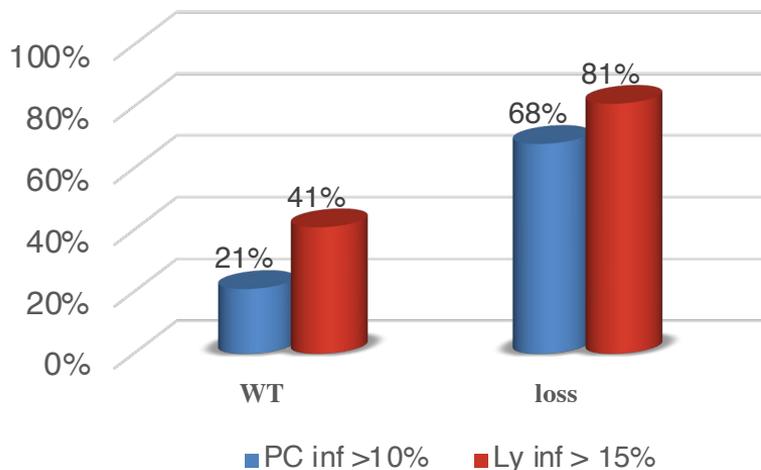
TNFAIP-3



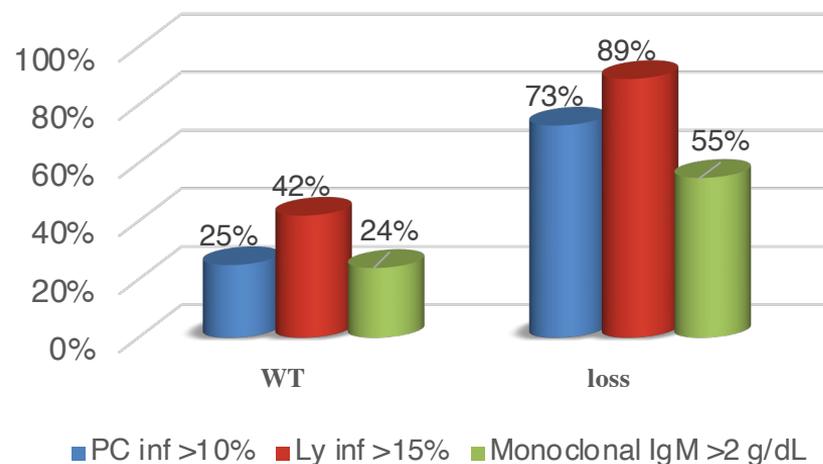
CNVs and clinical features

Factor		PRDM1, n (%)		TNFAIP3, n (%)		p-value	
		WT	Loss	WT	Loss		
Plasma cell inf. [n=123]	>10%	21 (21)	17 (68)	27 (25)	11 (73)	<0.001	
Lymphocyte infiltr. [n=122]	>15%	39 (41)	21 (81)	44 (42)	16 (89)	<0.001	
Monoclonal IgM [n=186]	>2 g/dL	39 (26)	13 (38)	40 (24)	12 (55)	0.145	0.005

PRDM-1

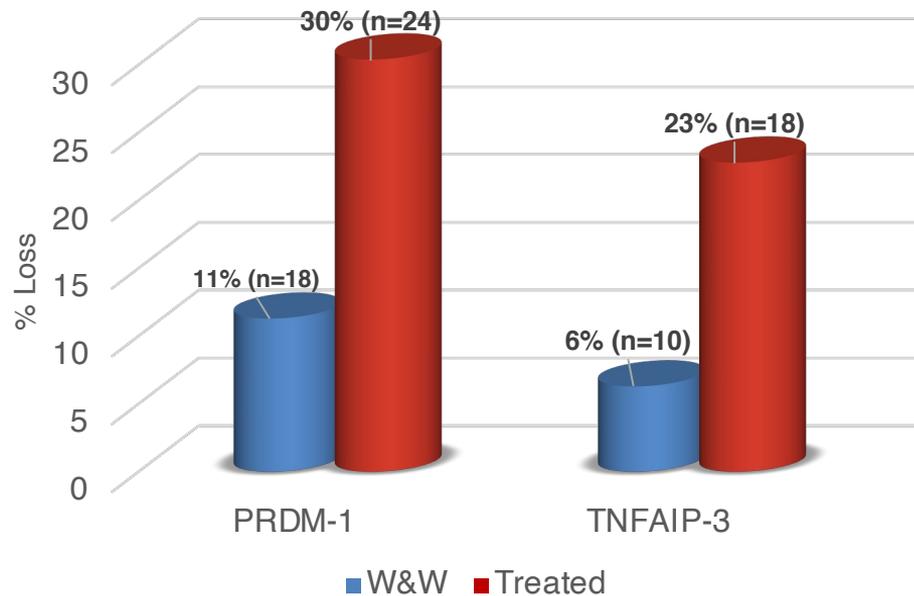


TNFAIP3





Need for treatment at baseline or during FU (n=239)



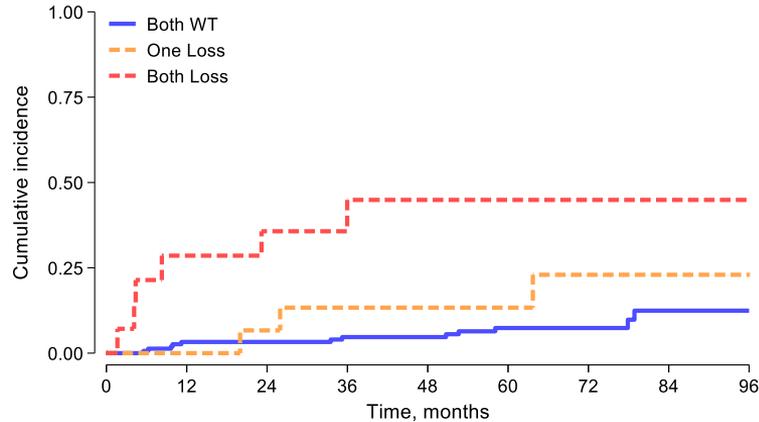
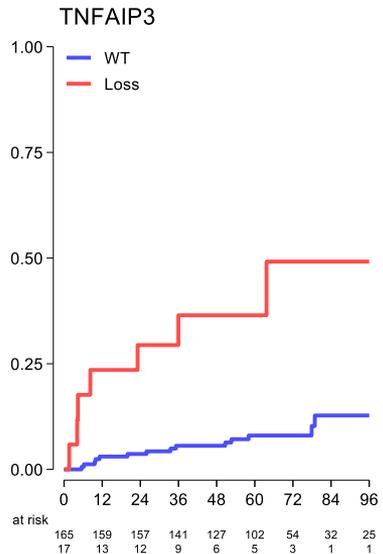
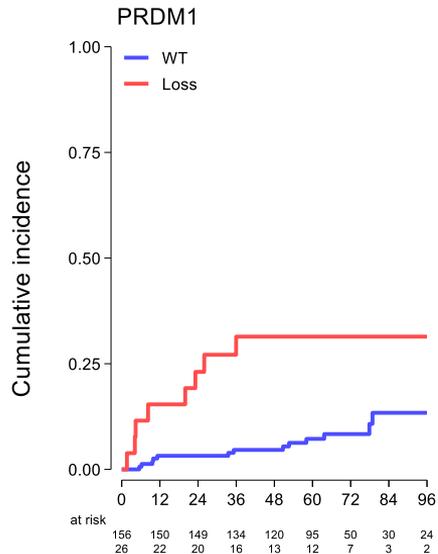


Time to first treatment (TTFT)

PRDM1	3-yr CIF% (95%CI)	Logrank test
WT	4.6 (2.2-9.4)	<0.001
Loss	31 (17-53)	

TNFAIP3	3-yr CIF% (95%CI)	Logrank test
WT	5.6 (2.9-10)	<0.001
Loss	36 (18-64)	

Loss	3-yr Cuminc % (95%CI)	Logrank test
		Overall p<0.001
WT	4.7 (2.2-9.6)	wt vs one 0.161
One	13 (3.5-44)	wt vs two <0.001
Both	44.5 (23-74)	two vs one 0.098



at risk	0	12	24	36	48	60	72	84	96
WT	153	147	146	131	118	93	49	30	24
One	15	15	14	13	11	11	6	2	1
Two	14	10	9	6	4	3	2	1	1

Time, months

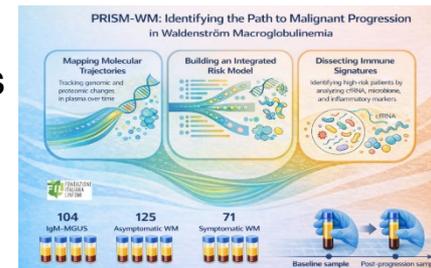
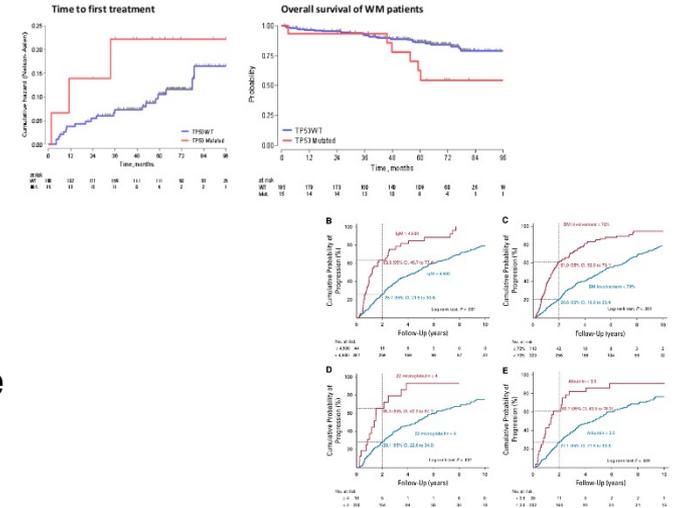
CONCLUSIONS:

- We studied *PRDM1* and *TNFAIP3* CNVs in the context of FIL «BIO-WM trial»;
- *PRDM1* and *TNFAIP3* oncogenes losses were detected in 12-18% of this IgM gammopathies **prospective** series;
- the co-occurrence of both losses was associated to a **higher baseline tumor burden** and **shorter TTFT**

Future perspectives?

...future perspectives

- Integrating these CNVs into the «BIO-WM» mutational study (ASH 2025);
- Integrating these CNVs with published prognostic score (Bustoros et al., Dogliotti et al.);
- Analyzing leftover samples to identify new biomarkers (e.g, microbiome and WES)





DIVISION OF HEMATOLOGY
TORINO UNIVERSITY

Prof. Benedetto Bruno

LAB & LYMPHOPROLIFERATIVE TEAM



UNIVERSITÀ
DI TORINO

Aurora Maria Civita
Daniela Drandi
Elisa Genuardi
Carlotta Montana
Camilla Sasso

Enrico Amaducci
Matteo Arata
Federica Cavallo
Davide Camoirano
Michele Clerico
Chiara Consoli
Giorgia D'uva

Simone Ferrero
Silvia Giorgi
Grazia Mallia
Veronica Peri
Francesca Perutelli
Simone Ragaini
Mariarita Sereno
Candida Vitale

Mariapia Cuccaro
Chiara Salierno
Irene Scavini
Velleda Zorzetto



R. Garcia-Sanz
C. Jiménez
N. Puig

Patients and their families



Fondazione IRCCS
Policlinico San Matteo

L. Arcaini
V. Ferretti
A. Galli
L. Malcovati
M. Varettoni
C. Varraso
S. Zibellini



S. Badiali
L. Marcheselli
S. Perticone
E. Masiera
Enrolling centers PIs



Hematology Lab Torino



FIL "BIO-WM" team